



living planet BONN 23-27 May 2022

SEAMLESS



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Assimilating Satellite and BGC-Argo data into operational modelling of the Mediterranean Sea biogeochemistry



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25 May 2022

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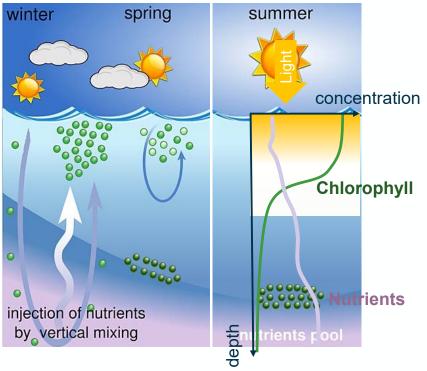


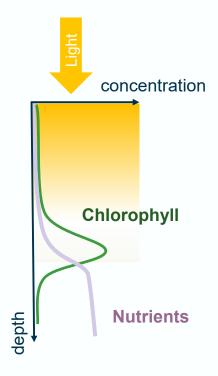
Seasonality of the Mediterranean Sea biogeochemistry



Adapted from Mignot et al., 2014

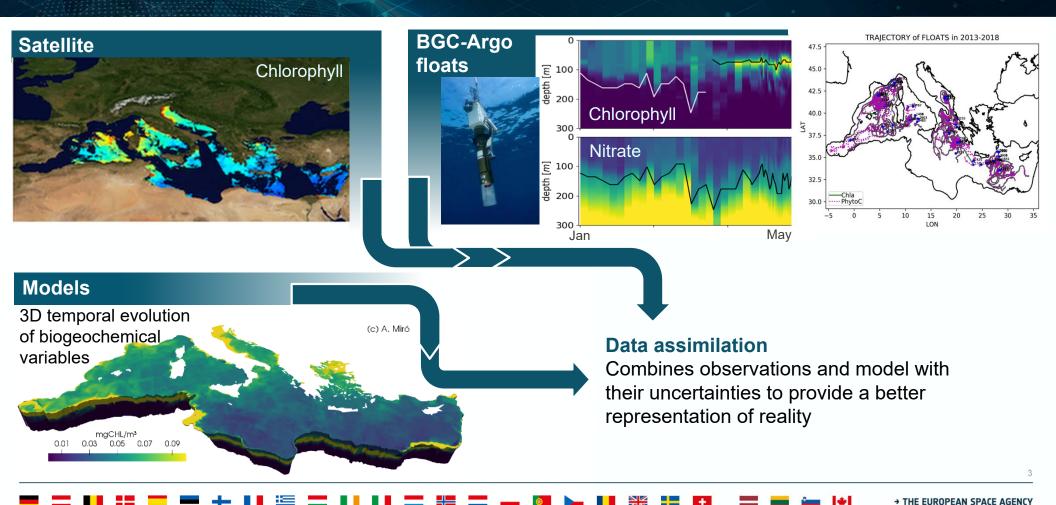
Winter bloom Deep chlorophyll maximum (DCM)





Data assimilation

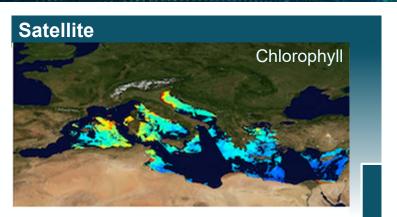


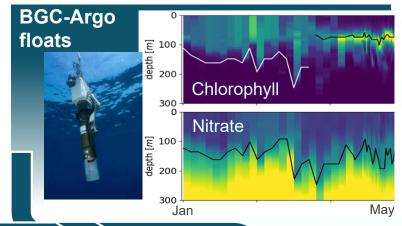


Data assimilation



TRAJECTORY of FLOATS in 2013-2018





| Cost | CO g americans exchange | O g americans | O g americans exchange | O g americans exchange | O g americans | O g americans exchange | O g americans | O g americans | O g americans exchange | O g americans | O

Models

1/16° horizontal resolution

70 levels

One year simulation 2015

Data assimilation

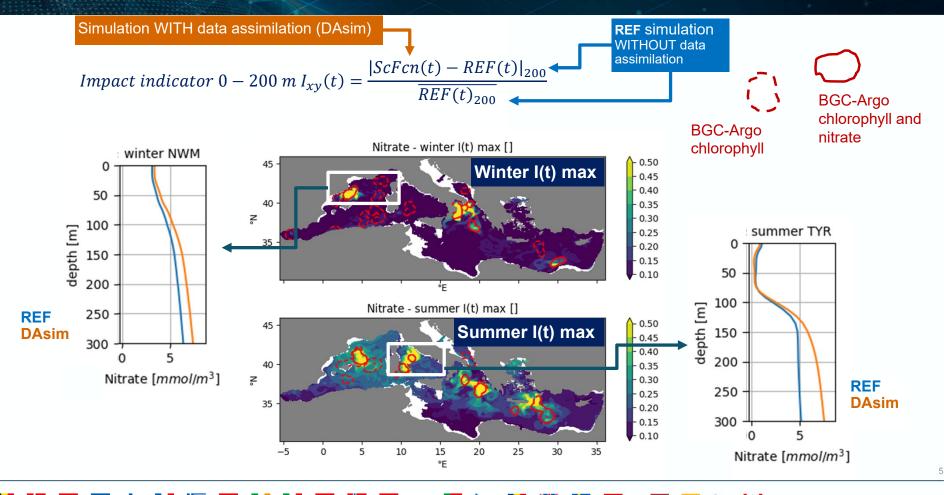
Daily assimilation of BGC-Argo chlorophyll and nitrate

Weekly assimilation of BGC-Argo chlorophyll and nitrate

Updates of phytoplankton and nutrient variables

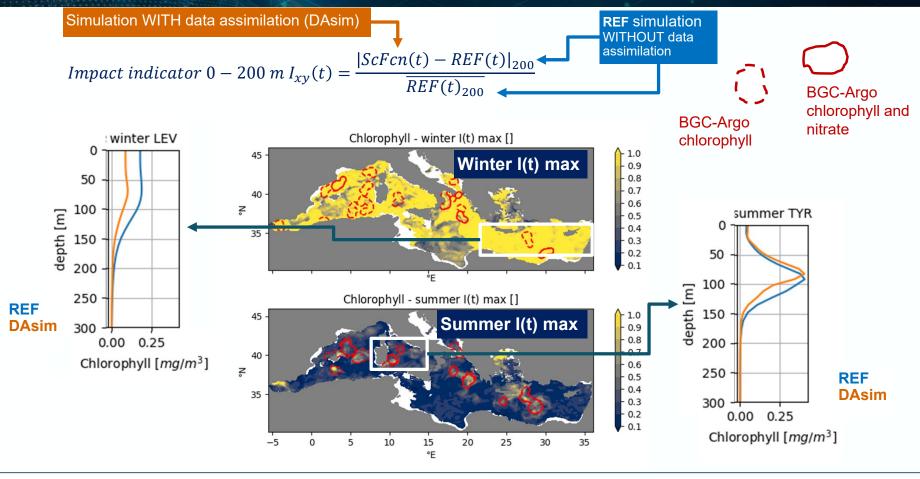
Results – Assimilation impact on nitrate





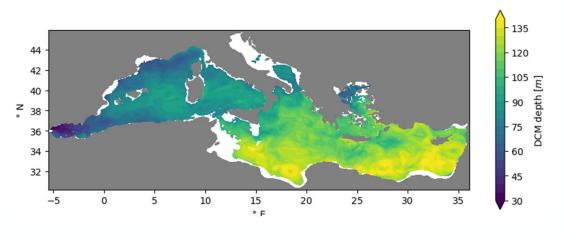
Results – Assimilation impact on chlorophyll





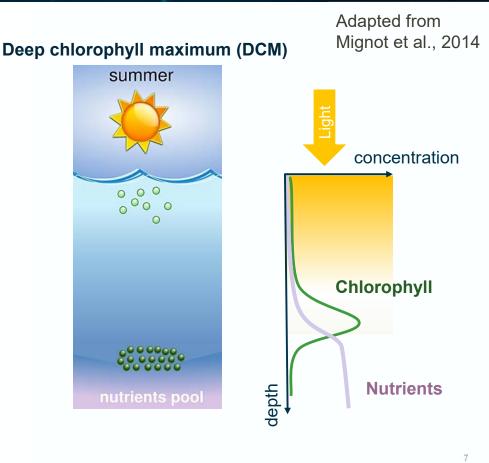
DCM in the assimilated simulation





DCM depth west-east gradient (Barbieux et al., 2019; Mignot et al., 2014)

DCM features in the western and eastern Mediterranean



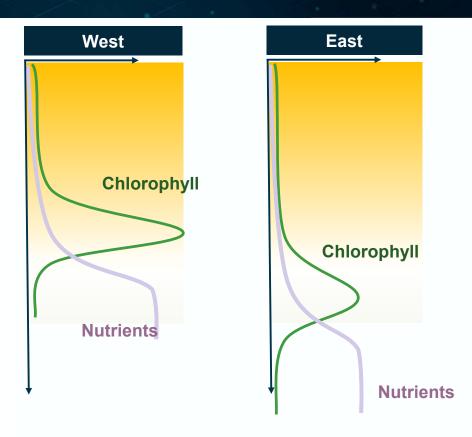
DCM west-east differences



DCM	West	East
DCM depth [m]	75-90	100-125
Chlorophyll at DCM [mg/m³]	0.4-0.48	0.3-0.4
DCM thickness [m] (chlorophyll > 0.5 chlorophyll at DCM)	40-50	50-70

Nitracline (depth of maximum nitrate variation)	West	East
Nitracline depth [m]	80-100	125-150
Nitracline slope [mmol/m ⁴]	0.08-0.10	0.03-0.05
Nitrate concentration below DCM layer [mmol/m³]	6-7.5	4.5-5

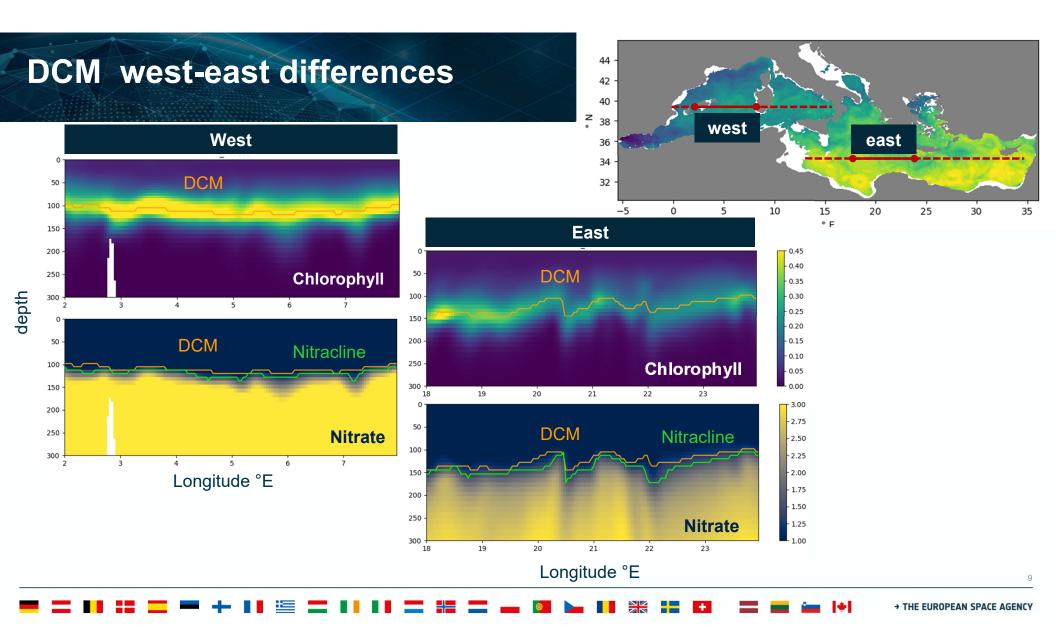
PAR	West	East
PAR at DCM [mol quanta/m²/d¹]	1.5-2	0.6-1



DCM more productive in the western Mediterranean

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Summary and conclusion



Implementation of satellite chlorophyll and BGC-Argo data assimilation

Operational in Copernicus Marine Service using OC TAC and BGC-Argo

+ Oxygen data assimilation in November 2022

Further development of multi-platform data assimilation in SEAMLESS H2020 project

West-east differences in Mediterranean Sea DCM

More productive western DCM



Teruzzi, A., Bolzon, G., Feudale, L., and Cossarini, G., Biogeosciences 2021 https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-18-6147-2021

Discussion



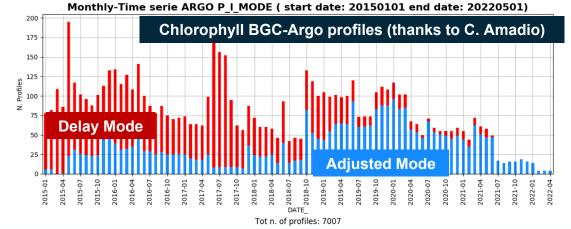
BGC-Argo valuable sources of information

View of the ocean interior

Several observed variables

Used in a near time framework → assimilation and validation

Use of more variable in the future (optics)



Consistency with other data sets → satellite Quality control in near real time

Good coverage should include at least 2 fully equipped BGC-Argo in the eastern and western Mediterranean Quality or coverage degradation → impact on Copernicus Marine Service Analysis and Forecast products





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THANK YOU



OGS

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